

RX630 Group

Renesas Starter Kit Tutorial Manual

RENESAS MCU
RX Family / RX600 Series

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Disclaimer

By using this Renesas Starter Kit (RSK), the user accepts the following terms:

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Precautions

The following precautions should be observed when operating any RSK product:

This Renesas Starter Kit is only intended for use in a laboratory environment under ambient temperature and humidity conditions. A safe separation distance should be used between this and any sensitive equipment. Its use outside the laboratory, classroom, study area or similar such area invalidates conformity with the protection requirements of the Electromagnetic Compatibility Directive and could lead to prosecution.

The product generates, uses, and can radiate radio frequency energy and may cause harmful interference to radio communications. However, there is no guarantee that interference will not occur in a particular installation. If this equipment causes harmful interference to radio or television reception, which can be determined by turning the equipment off or on, you are encouraged to try to correct the interference by one or more of the following measures;

- ensure attached cables do not lie across the equipment
- reorient the receiving antenna
- increase the distance between the equipment and the receiver
- connect the equipment into an outlet on a circuit different from that which the receiver is connected
- power down the equipment when not in use
- consult the dealer or an experienced radio/TV technician for help NOTE: It is recommended that wherever possible shielded interface cables are used.

The product is potentially susceptible to certain EMC phenomena. To mitigate against them it is recommended that the following measures be undertaken;

- The user is advised that mobile phones should not be used within 10m of the product when in use.
- The user is advised to take ESD precautions when handling the equipment.

The Renesas Starter Kit does not represent an ideal reference design for an end product and does not fulfil the regulatory standards for an end product.

How to Use This Manual

1. Purpose and Target Readers

This manual is designed to provide the user with an understanding of the RSK hardware functionality, and electrical characteristics. It is intended for users designing sample code on the RSK platform, using the many different incorporated peripheral devices.

The manual comprises of an overview of the capabilities of the RSK product, but does not intend to be a guide to embedded programming or hardware design. Further details regarding setting up the RSK and development environment can found in the tutorial manual.

Particular attention should be paid to the precautionary notes when using the manual. These notes occur within the body of the text, at the end of each section, and in the Usage Notes section.

The revision history summarizes the locations of revisions and additions. It does not list all revisions. Refer to the text of the manual for details.

The following documents apply to the RX630 Group. Make sure to refer to the latest versions of these documents. The newest versions of the documents listed may be obtained from the Renesas Electronics Web site.

Document Type	Description	Document Title	Document No.
User's Manual	Describes the technical details of the RSK hardware.	RSKRX630 User's Manual	R20UT0292EG
Tutorial	Provides a guide to setting up RSK environment, running sample code and debugging programs.	RSKRX630 Tutorial Manual	R20UT0293EG
Quick Start Guide	Provides simple instructions to setup the RSK and run the first sample, on a single A4 sheet.	RSKRX630 Quick Start Guide	R20UT0294EG
USB Function	Provides instructions to set up and run the USB Function samples HID, CDC, MSC and LibUSB.	USB Function User Manual	R20UT0296EG
Schematics	Full detail circuit schematics of the RSK.	RSKRX630 Schematics	R20UT0291EG
Hardware Manual	Provides technical details of the RX630 microcontroller.	RSKRX630 Hardware Manual	R01UH0040EJ

2. List of Abbreviations and Acronyms

Abbreviation	Full Form
ADC	Analogue to Digital Converter
API	Application Programming Interface
CD	Compact Disk
CPU	Central Processing Unit
E1	E1 Emulator
E20	E20 Emulator
HEW	High-performance Embedded Workshop
LCD	Liquid Crystal Display
LED	Light Emitting Diode
ROM	Read-Only Memory
RSK	Renesas Starter Kit
USB	Universal Serial Bus

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1. Overview

1.1 Purpose

This RSK is an evaluation tool for Renesas microcontrollers. This manual describes how to get the RSK tutorial started, and basic debugging operations.

1.2 Features

This RSK provides an evaluation of the following features:

- Renesas microcontroller programming
- User code debugging
- User circuitry such as switches, LEDs and a potentiometer
- Sample application
- Sample peripheral device initialisation code

The RSK board contains all the circuitry required for microcontroller operation.

2. Introduction

This manual is designed to answer, in tutorial form, the most common questions asked about using a Renesas Starter Kit (RSK). The tutorials help explain the following:

- How do I compile, link, download and run a simple program on the RSK?
- How do I build an embedded application?
- How do I use Renesas' tools?

The project generator will create a tutorial project with two selectable build configurations.

- 'Debug' is a project built with the debugger support include.
- 'Release' is a project with optimised compile options, producing code suitable for release in a product.

Files referred to in this manual are installed using the project generator as you work through the tutorials. The tutorial examples in this manual assume that installation procedures described in the RSK Quick Start Guide have been completed. Please refer to the quick start guide for details of preparing the configuration.

These tutorials are designed to show you how to use the RSK and are not intended as a comprehensive introduction to the High-performance Embedded Workshop (HEW) debugger, compiler toolchains or the E1 emulator. Please refer to the relevant user manuals for more in-depth information.

2.1 Note Regarding Source Code

During the project generator, it is possible that the line numbers for source code illustrated in this document does not match exactly with that in the actual source files. It is also possible that the source address of instructions illustrated in this manual differs from a user's code compiled from the same source. These differences are minor, and do not effect the functionality of the sample code or the validity of this accompanying manual.

3. Tutorial Project Workspace

The workspace includes all of the files for two build configurations, 'Build' and 'Release'. The tutorial code is common to both build configurations; and is designed to show how code can be written, debugged and then downloaded without the debug monitor in a 'Release' situation.

The build configuration menu in High-performance Embedded Workshop (HEW) allows the project to be configured such that certain files may be excluded from each of the build configurations. This allows the inclusion of the debug monitor within the Debug build, and its exclusion in the Release build. Contents of common C files are controlled with defines set up in the build configuration options and `#ifdef` statements within the source files. Maintaining only one set of project files means that projects are more controllable.

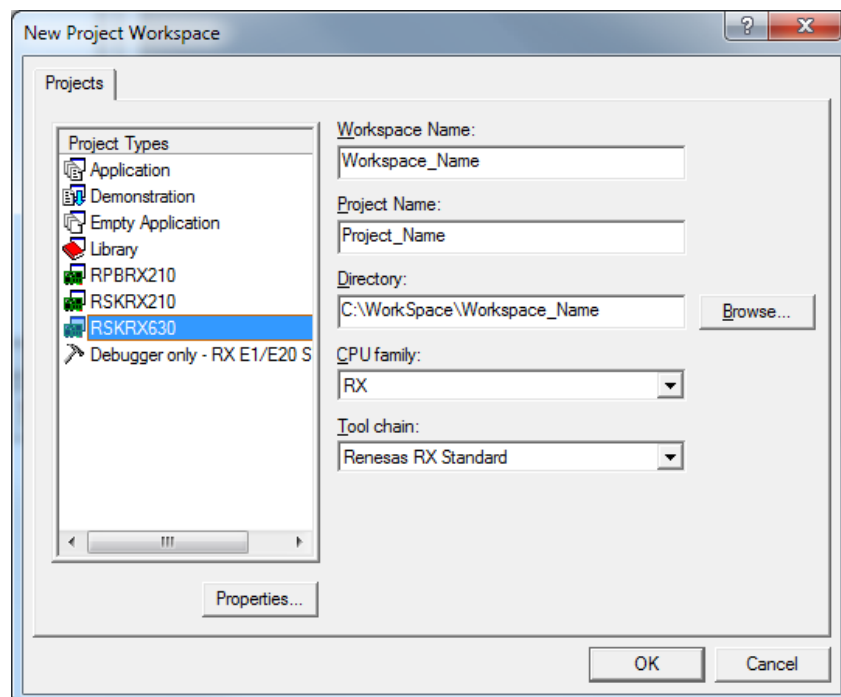
4. Project Workspace

4.1 Introduction

High-performance Embedded Workshop is an integrated development tool that allows the user to write, compile, program and debug a software project on any of the Renesas Microcontrollers. High-performance Embedded Workshop will have been installed during the installation of the software support for the Renesas Starter Kit product. This manual will describe the stages required to create and debug the supplied tutorial code.

4.2 Starting HEW and Connecting the E1 Debugger

To look at the program, start High-performance Embedded Workshop from the Windows Start Menu. Open a new tutorial workspace from the [File > New Workspace...] menu or select 'Create a new project workspace' when presented with the 'Welcome!' dialog.



The example above shows the 'New Project Workspace' dialog with the RSKRX630 selected.

- Select the RX CPU family and 'Renesas RX Standard' toolchain.
- Select the 'RSKRX630' project type from the left-hand projects list.
- Enter a name for the workspace – all your files will be stored under a directory with this name.
- The project name field will be pre-filled to match the workspace name above, but this name may be changed manually.
- Note: High-performance Embedded Workshop allows you to add multiple projects to a workspace. You may add the sample code projects later so you may wish to choose a suitable name for the tutorial project now.
- Click [OK] to start the Renesas Starter Kit Project Generator wizard.

The next dialog presents the three types of example project available:

- Tutorial: this is the one of interest at this time – the code is explained later in this manual.
- Sample Code: This provides examples for using various peripherals. If you select this and click <Next> it will open a new dialog, allowing the selection of many code examples for the peripheral modules of the device.
- Application: where the debugger is configured but there is no program code. This project is suitable for the user to add code without having to configure the debugger.

The project generator wizard will display a confirmation dialog. Press [OK] to create the project and insert the necessary files. A tree showing all the files in this project will appear in High-performance Embedded Workshop.

To view the file 'main.c', double click on the file in the Workspace window. A new window will open showing the code.

4.3 Build Configurations and Debug Sessions

The workspace that has been created contains two build configurations and two debug sessions. The Build Configuration allows the same project to be built but with different compiler options. The options available to the user are described fully in the High-performance Embedded Workshop Manual.

4.3.1 Build Configuration

The build configurations are selected from the left hand drop down list on the tool bar. The options available are Debug and Release. The debug build is configured for use with the debugger. The Release build is configured for final ROM-programmable code.

A common difference between the two builds may be the optimisation settings. With optimisation turned on, the Debugger may seem to execute code in an unexpected order. To assist in debugging it is often helpful to turn optimisation off on the code being debugged.

- Select the 'Debug' build configuration



4.3.2 Debug Session

The debug sessions are selected from the right hand drop down list on the tool bar. The options vary between Renesas Starter Kit types however one will always start Debug and include the type of debug interface. The alternate selection will be 'SessionRX_E1_E20_SYSTEM'. The purpose of the debug sessions is to allow the use of different debugger tools or different debugger settings on the same project.

- Select the session:
"SessionRX_E1_E20_SYSTEM"

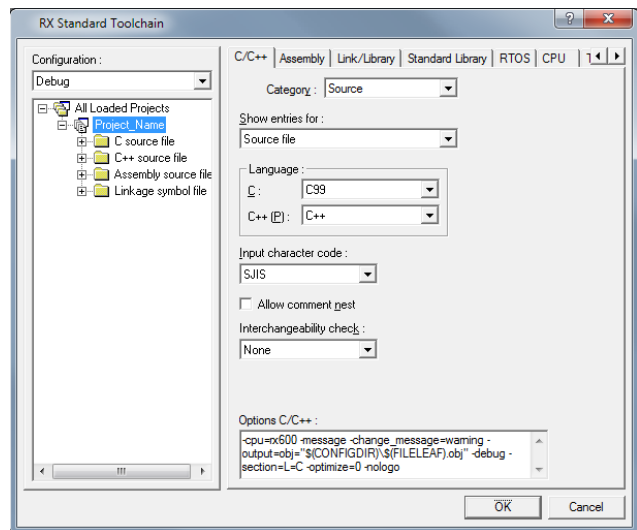


5. Building the Tutorial Program

The tutorial project build settings have been pre-configured in the toolchain options. To view the toolchain options select the 'Build' menu item and the relevant toolchain. This should be the first option on the drop down menu. The dialog that is displayed will be specific to the toolchain selected.




The Configuration pane on the left hand side will exist on all the toolchain options. It is important when changing any setting to be aware of the current configuration that is being modified. If you wish to modify multiple or all build configurations this is possible by selecting 'All' or 'Multiple' from the 'Configuration' drop down list.

- Review the options on each of the tabs and 'Category' drop down lists to be aware of the options available. For the purposes of the tutorial, leave all options at default.
- When complete close the dialog box by clicking [OK]



5.1 Building Code

There is a choice of three shortcuts available for building the project.

- Selecting the 'Build All' tool bar button. This will build everything in the project that has not been excluded from the build. The standard library is built only once. 
- Selecting the 'Build' tool bar button. This will build all files that have changed since the last build. The standard library will not be built unless an option has been changed. 
- Pressing [F7]. This is equivalent to pressing the 'Build' button described above. 

Build the project now by pressing [F7] or pressing one of the build icons as shown above. During the build each stage will be reported in the Output Window. The build will complete with an indication of any errors and warnings encountered during the build.

5.2 Connecting the Debugger

For this tutorial it is not necessary to provide an external power supply to the board. The power will be obtained from the USB port. Please be aware that if you have too many devices connected to your USB port it may be shut down by Windows. If this happens remove some devices and try again. Alternatively provide an external power source taking care to ensure the correct polarity and voltage.

Other sample code supplied with this RSK will require a variable power supply; in which case an external 5V variable power supply should be used. Refer to the RSKRX630 User Manual for further details.


The Quick Start Guide provided with the Renesas Starter Kit board gives detailed instructions on how to connect the E1 to the host computer. The following assumes that the steps in the Quick Start Guide have been followed and the E1 drivers have been installed.

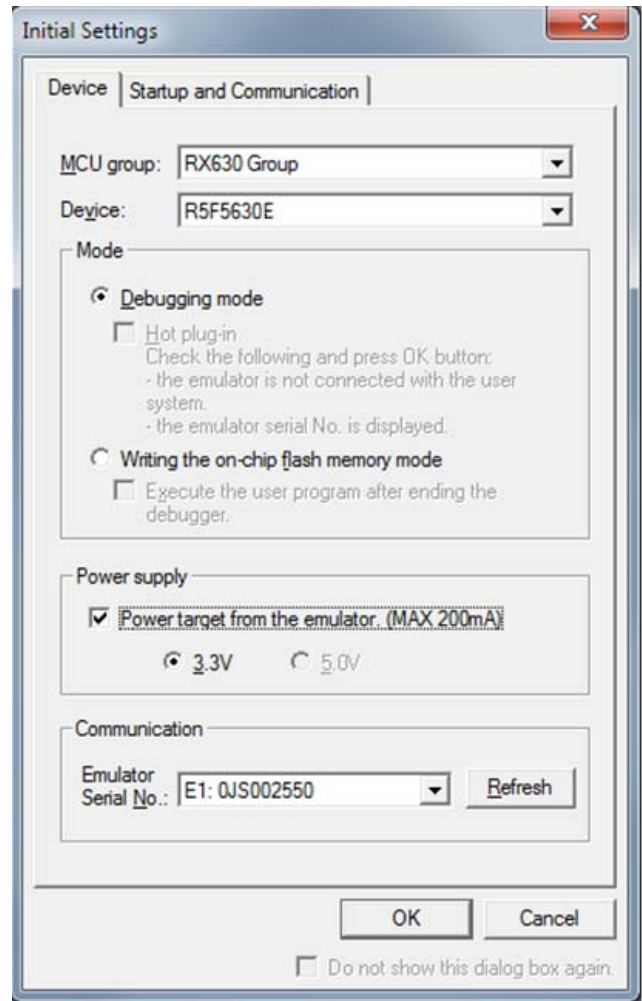
- Fit the LCD module to LCD connector on the board, via the header marked 'LCD'. Ensure all the pins of the connector are correctly inserted in the socket.
- Connect the E1 Debugger to a free USB port on your computer.
- Connect the E1 Debugger to the target hardware ensuring that it is plugged into the connector marked 'E1'.
- If supplying external power to the board, it can be turned on now.

5.3 Connecting to the Target with the E1 Debugger

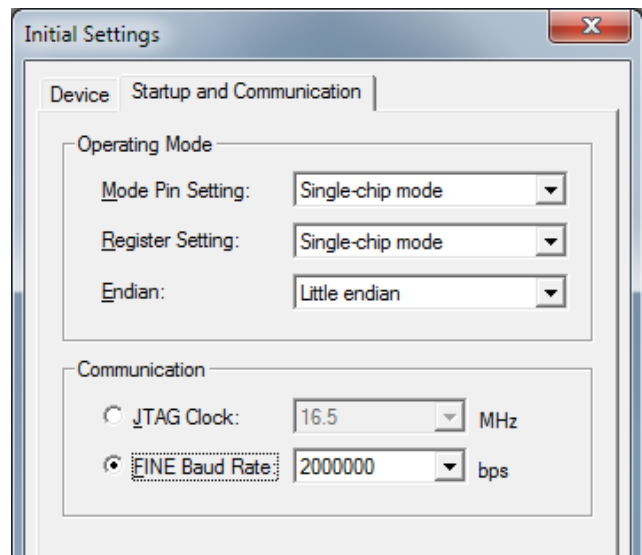
This section will take you through the process of connecting to the device, programming the Flash and executing the code.

Please note that the "Emulator Mode" wizard shown here will only appear the FIRST time you connect to the target within a project. On subsequent connections the "Emulator Setting" dialog will appear please choose the same options to connect.

- Select the ‘SessionRX_E1_E20_SYSTEM’ debug session.
- Click the [Connect] button on the debug toolbar. 
- The ‘Initial Settings’ configuration dialog will appear. Ensure the follow configurations are set:
 - MCU group: RX630 Group
 - Device: R5F5630E
 - Mode: Debugging mode
- If the E1 is to provide power to the CPU board, select ‘Power Target from Emulator’ and choose the “3.3V” option. Otherwise connect a suitable power supply (refer to the RSKRX630 User Manual for details).



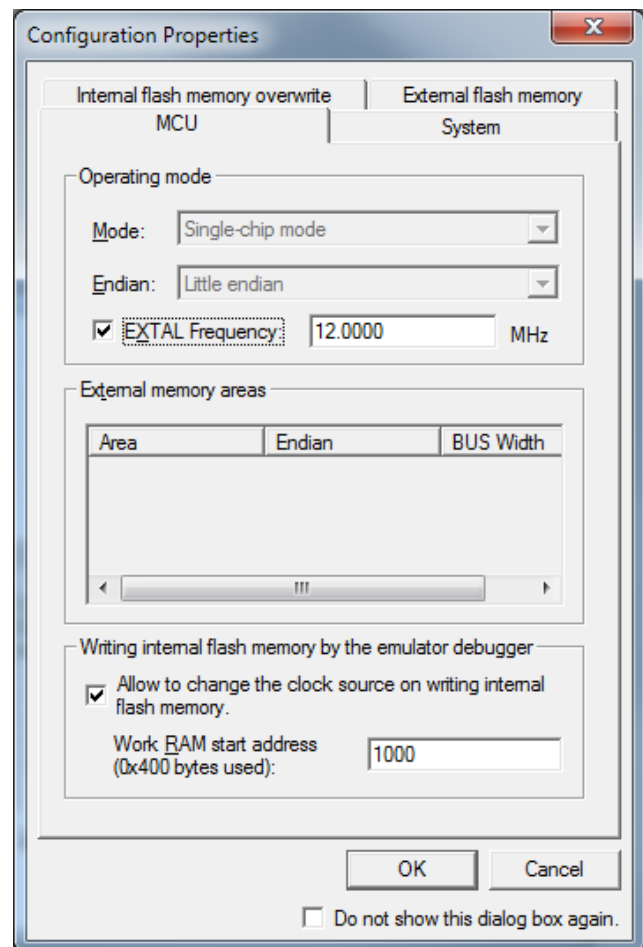
- Click the ‘Startup and Communication’ tab and ensure the Mode Pin, Register & Endian settings match the screenshot opposite. Ensure the FINE Baud Rate is set to 2000000bps. Once these settings have been confirmed, click the [OK] button to continue.
- The Flash Memory write program will be downloaded to the target.



- A connecting dialog will appear, show the status of the connection process. Under default settings, this dialog box will disappear once the connection is complete.

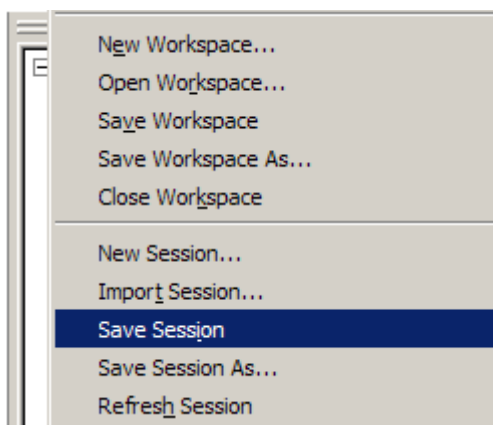


- Once the debugger has connected, the configuration properties dialog will appear.
- Ensure the following configurations are set:
 - Mode: Single-chip mode
 - Endian: Little Endian
 - Input Clock (EXTAL): 12.0000 MHz
 - Work RAM Start Address: 1000
- Once the settings have been reviewed, click [OK] to proceed. The output window in High-performance Workshop will show 'Connected'.
- The connection to the target will activate the debugger buttons on the HEW toolbar. The function of these buttons will be explained in subsequent sections of this tutorial.



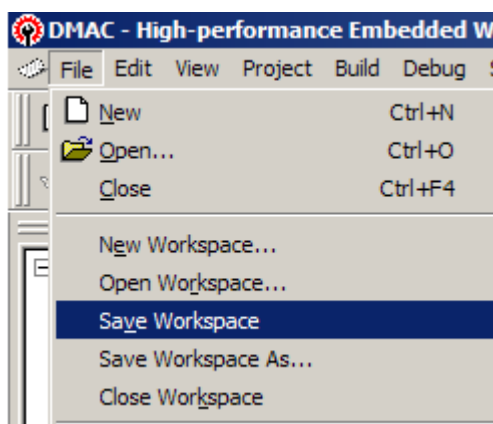
Now is a good time to save the High-performance Embedded Workshop session.

- Select 'File' | 'Save Session'.



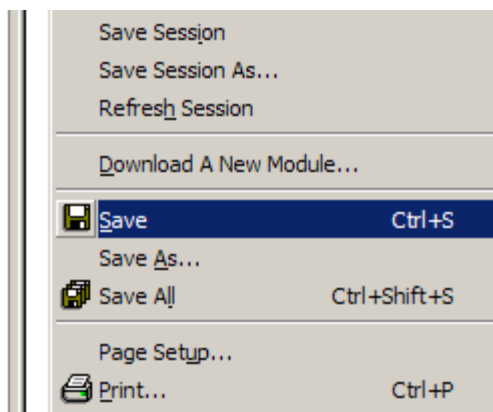
If you have changed any workspace settings now is a good time to save the workspace.

- Select 'File' | 'Save Workspace'.



If you make any changes to files in HEW and want to preserve these change, you can save them by:

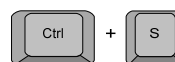
- Select 'File' | 'Save'.



You can also save files by clicking the 'Save' or 'Save All' buttons from the HEW toolbar.



You can also save files using the following keyboard shortcut:



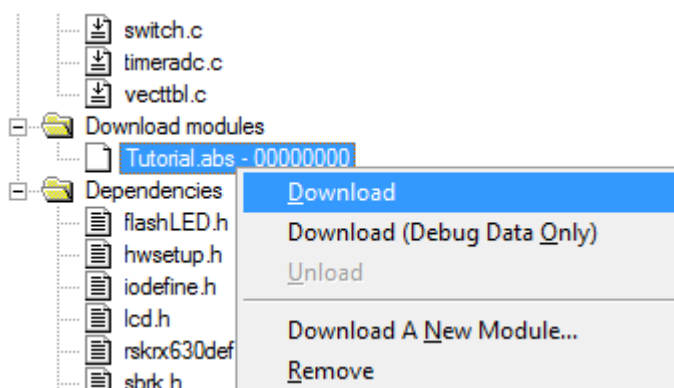
6. Downloading and Running the Tutorial

6.1 Downloading the Program Code

Now the code has been built in HEW it needs to be downloaded to the RSK.

Now that you are connected to the target you should see an additional category in the workspace view called 'Download Modules'

- Right click on the download module listed and select 'Download'
- On completion the debugger and code are ready to be executed



6.2 Running the Tutorial

Once the program has been downloaded onto the RSK device, the program can be executed. Click the 'Reset Go' button to begin the program. It is recommended that you run through the program once first, and then continue to the review section.



7. Reviewing the Tutorial Program

This section will look at each section of the tutorial code, how it works, and how it could be altered to be implemented into more complex code.

7.1 Program Initialisation

Before the main program can run, the microcontroller must be configured. The following parts of the tutorial program are used exclusively for initialising the RSK device so that the main function can execute correctly. The initialisation code is run every time the device is reset via the reset switch or from a power reboot.

Ensuring the tutorial program has been downloaded onto the RX630, press the ‘Reset CPU’ button on the Debug Tool Bar.



- The File window will open the Tutorial code at the entry point. An arrow and a yellow highlight marks the current position of the program counter.
- Use these buttons to switch between ‘source, disassembly and mixed modes’.



Line	Source Add...	O.	S.	Source
75				/* Power-on reset function declaration */
76				void PowerON_Reset_PC(void);
77				/* Main program function declaration */
78				void main(void);
79				
80			
81				* Outline : PowerON_Reset_PC
82				* Description : This program is the MCU's entry point from a power-on reset.
83				* The function configures the MCU stack, then calls the
84				HardwareSetup function and main function sequentially.
85				* Argument : none
86				* Return value : none
87			
88	FFFF0000			void PowerON_Reset_PC(void)
89				{
90				/* Initialise the MCU processor word */
91	FFFF000E			set_intb(__sectop("CSVECT"));
92				
93				/* Initialise the MCU stack area */
94	FFFF0017			_INITISCT();
95				
96				/* Configure the MCU and RSK hardware */
97	FFFF001B			HardwareSetup();
98				
99				/* Change the MCU's usermode from supervisor to user */
100	FFFF001F			nop();
101	FFFF0020			set_psw(PSW_init);
102	FFFF0028			Change_PSW_PM_to_UserMode();
103				
104				/* Call the main program function */
105	FFFF003D			main();
106				
107				/* Invoke a break interrupt */
108	FFFF0041			brk();
109				}

Ensure the view is switched to ‘source’ before continuing.

- Highlight the 'HardwareSetup()' function call by left clicking to the right of the text, and holding the left mouse button and dragging over to the left of it and releasing the left mouse button.

Line	Source Add...	O.	S.	Source
75				/* Power-on reset function declaration */
76				void PowerON_Reset_PC(void);
77				/* Main program function declaration */
78				void main(void);
79				
80				/*.....*/
81				* Outline : PowerON_Reset_PC
82				* Description : This program is the MCU's entry point from a power-on reset.
83				* The function configures the MCU stack, then calls the
84				* HardwareSetup function and main function sequentially.
85				* Argument : none
86				* Return value : none
87				/*.....*/
88	FFFF0000			void PowerON_Reset_PC(void)
89				{
90				/* Initialise the MCU processor word */
91	FFFF000E			set_intb(__sectop("CSVECT"));
92				
93				/* Initialise the MCU stack area */
94	FFFF0017			_INITSCT();
95				
96				/* Configure the MCU and RSK hardware */
97	FFFF001B			HardwareSetup();
98				
99				/* Change the MCU's usermode from supervisor to user */
100	FFFF001F			nop();
101	FFFF0020			set_psw(PSW_init);
102	FFFF0028			Change_PSW_PM_to_UserMode();
103				
104				/* Call the main program function */
105	FFFF003D			main();

- Click the 'Go to Cursor' button to run the program up to this point.
- Click 'Step In' to enter the HardwareSetup function.



- The program counter should now move to the HardwareSetup function definition. This function groups together several key functions that are used to ensure the device is setup correctly before the main program is executed.

Line	Source Add...	O.	S.	Source
52				* Description : Contains all the setup functions called at device restart
53				* Argument : none
54				* Return value : none
55				/*.....*/
56	FFFF16F1			void HardwareSetup(void)
57				{
58	FFFF16F1			ConfigureOperatingFrequency();
59	FFFF16F4			ConfigureOutputPorts();
60	FFFF16F7			ConfigureInterrupts();
61	FFFF16FA			EnablePeripheralModules();
62				}
63				/*.....*/
64				* End of function HardwareSetup
65				/*.....*/
66				
67				/*.....*/
68				* Outline : ConfigureOperatingFrequency
69				* Description : Configures the clock settings for each of the device clocks
70				* Argument : none
71				* Return value : none
72				/*.....*/

- Click 'Step In' again to enter the ConfigureOperatingFrequency function.



- The ConfigureOperatingFrequency function is used to set the speed of the system clocks.

Line	Source Ad...	O.	S.	Source
81	FFFF86C8			void ConfigureOperatingFrequency(void)
82				{
83				/* Declare and initialise a loop count variable */
84	FFFF86CA			uint16_t i = 0;
85				
86				/* Protection off */
87	FFFF86D0			SYSTEM.PRCR.WORD = 0xA503;
88				
89				/* Stop sub-clock */
90	FFFF86DE			SYSTEM.SOSCCR.BYTE = 0x01;
91				
92				/* Specify a wait state */
93	FFFF86E8			SYSTEM.MOSCWTCR.BYTE = 0x0D;
94				
95				/* 4194304 state (default)*/
96				/* wait over 12ms @PLL=192MHz(12MHz*16) */
97	FFFF86F2			SYSTEM.PLLWTCR.BYTE = 0x0F;
98				
99				/* x16 @PLL */
100	FFFF86FC			SYSTEM.PLLCR.WORD = 0x0F00;
101				
102				/* Configure the EXTAL pin */
103	FFFF8707			PORT3.PMR.BIT.B6 = 0;
104	FFFF8714			PORT3.PDR.BIT.B6 = 0;
105				
106				/* Configure the XTAL pin */
107	FFFF8720			PORT3.PMR.BIT.B7 = 0;
108	FFFF872D			PORT3.PDR.BIT.B7 = 0;
109				
110				/* Turn on EXTAL */
111	FFFF8739			SYSTEM.MOSCCR.BYTE = 0x00;
112				
113				/* Turn on the PLL and enable writing to the PLL control register */
114	FFFF8743			SYSTEM.PLLCR2.BYTE = 0x00;
115				
116				/* Wait over 12ms */
117	FFFF874D			for (i=0; i<2075; i++)

- The list of initialised system clocks are shown on the opposite screen-shot.
- We will now skip past the hardware setup functions to look at the tutorial's main program code.

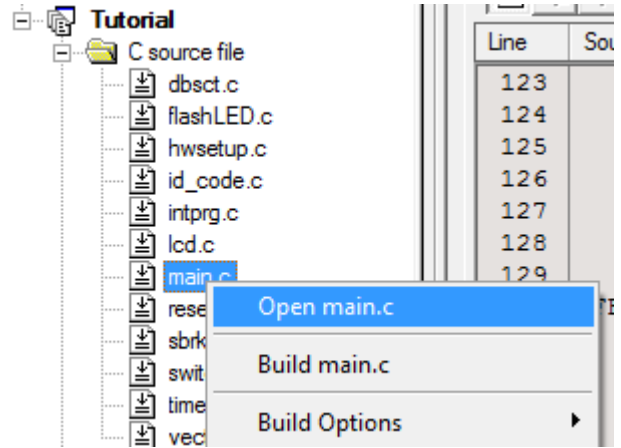
Line	Source Ad...	O.	S.	Source
123				Clock Description Frequency
124				-----
125				PLL Clock frequency.....192MHz
126				System Clock Frequency.....96MHz
127				Peripheral Module Clock B.....48MHz
128				FlashIF Clock.....48MHz
129				External Bus Clock.....48MHz */
130	FFFF8771			SYSTEM.SCKCR.LONG = 0x21822211;
131				
132				/* Configure the clocks as follows -
133				Clock Description Frequency
134				-----
135				USB Clock.....48MHz
136				IEBus Clock.....24MHz */
137	FFFF877E			SYSTEM.SCKCR2.WORD = 0x0033;
138				
139				/* Set the clock source to PLL */
140	FFFF8788			SYSTEM.SCKCR3.WORD = 0x0400;
141				
142				/* Protection on */
143	FFFF8793			SYSTEM.PRCR.WORD = 0xA500;
144				}
145				/* End of function ConfigureOperatingFrequency
146				*/
147				*/

For further details regarding hardware configuration, please refer to the RSKRX630 User's Manual and the RX630 Hardware Manual.

7.2 Main Functions

This section will look at the program code called from with the main() function, and how it works.

- Find the main.c file from the file tree on the left hand side, then right click it and select 'Open main.c'




- Place an event at the call to main(); by double clicking in the On-Chip Breakpoint column next to the line to stop at.

Note that two event points will appear because they share the same source address.

Line	Source Add...	O.	S.	Source
74				/* Outline : main
75				*/
76				* Description : The main program function. Dis
77				onto the LCD display, then call
78				functions. The function then c
79				before waiting in an infinite t
80				* Argument : none
81				* Return value : none
82				*****
83	FFFF5ADB	●		void main(void)
84				{
85				/* Initialise the debug LCD */
86	FFFF5ADB	●		InitialiseLCD();
87				
88				/* Displays the Renesas splash screen */
89	FFFF5ADF			DisplayLCD(LCD_LINE1, "Renesas");
90	FFFF5AED			DisplayLCD(LCD_LINE2, NICKNAME);
91				
92				/* Begins the initial LED flash sequence */
93	FFFF5AFC			FlashLED();
94				
95				/* Begins the ADC-varying flash Sequence */
96	FFFF5B00			TimerADC();

The E1 emulator features advanced logic-based event point trigger system, and full instruction on its use is outside the scope of this tutorial. For further details, please refer to the RX Family E1/E20 Emulator User's Manual

- Press 'Reset Go' on the Debug Tool Bar. 
- The code will execute to the event point. At this point all the device initialisation will have been completed. The code window will open 'main.c' and show the new position of the program counter.
- Support for the LCD display is included in the tutorial code. We do not need to be concerned about the details of the LCD interface – except that the interface is write-only and so is not affected if the LCD display is attached or not.

Line	Source Add...	O.	S.	Source
74				/* Outline : main
75				*/
76				/* Description : The main program function. Displays the Renesas splash screen
77				onto the LCD display, then calls the flashLED and TimerADC
78				functions. The function then calls the statics test routine,
79				before waiting in an infinite while loop.
80				*/
81				Argument : none
82				Return value : none
83	FFFF5ADB	●		void main(void)
84				{
85				/* Initialise the debug LCD */
86	FFFF5ADB	●	◀	InitialiseLCD();
87				
88				/* Displays the Renesas splash screen */
89	FFFF5ADF			DisplayLCD(LCD_LINE1, "Renesas");
90	FFFF5AED			DisplayLCD(LCD_LINE2, NICKNAME);
91				
92				/* Begins the initial LED flash sequence */
93	FFFF5AFC			FlashLED();
94				
95				/* Begins the ADC-varying flash Sequence */
96	FFFF5B00			TimerADC();
97				
98				/* Begins the static variable test */
99	FFFF5B04			Statics_Test();
100				
101				/* Infinite while loop */
102				/* Defines an infinite loop to keep the MCU running */
103	FFFF5B07			while(1);
104				}
105				/* End of function main
106				*/
107				

- Insert event points on the FlashLED, TimerADC and Statics_Test function calls.


Line	Source Add...	O.	S.	Source
92				/* Begins the initial LED flash sequence */
93	FFFF5AFC	●		FlashLED();
94				
95				/* Begins the ADC-varying flash Sequence */
96	FFFF5B00	●		TimerADC();
97				
98				/* Begins the static variable test */
99	FFFF5B04	●		Statics_Test();
100				

- Press 'Go' to run the program up to the FlashLED event point, then press 'Step In', to move the program counter to the beginning of the FlashLED function definition.




Line	Source Ad...	O.	S.	Source
58				extern uint8_t gSwitchFlag;
59				/* Variable Used to count down the number of LED flashes */
60				static uint16_t gFlashCount = 0xC9;
61				
62				/* Outline : Flash_LED
63				*/
64				/* Description : The LED flash function used at the beginning of the program
65				*/
66				Argument : none
67				Return value : none
68	FFFF85A4			void Flash_LED (void)
69				{
70				/* Declare a delay count variable */
71	FFFF85A6			uint32_t ulLed_Delay = 0;
72				
73				/* Flash the LEDs for 200 times or until a user switch is pressed */
74	FFFF85AC			while((gSwitchFlag == 0) && (--gFlashCount > 0))
75				{
76	FFFF85DF			for (ulLed_Delay = 0; ulLed_Delay < 4000000; ++ulLed_Delay)
77				{
78				
79				
80				/* Toggles the LEDs after a specific delay. */
81	FFFF8601			Toggle_LED();
82				}
83				
84				/* Reset the gSwitchFlag flag variable */
85	FFFF8637			gSwitchFlag = 0;
86				}
87				/* End of function Flash_LED
88				*/
89				

- The FlashLED function toggles the LEDs, through the Toggle_LED function at regular intervals.
- The 'while' statement checks the gSwitchFlag variable for switch press detections and the value of the gFlashCount variable, which counts down with every LED flash. Once a switch has been pressed or the count variable reaches zero, the function exits the 'while' loop.

- Click ‘Go’ to resume the program, then push any switch to proceed. The program should halt at the event point set on the TimerADC function call.
- Press ‘Step In’ twice  to step into the StartTimer function.
- The StartTimer function configures the timer used to periodically flash the LEDs.



```

Line Source Ad... O. S. Source
99 FFFF94CA static void StartTimer(void)
100 {
101 /* Protection off */
102 FFFF94CA SYSTEM.PRCR.WORD = 0xA503;
103
104 /* Cancel the CMT1 module clock stop mode */
105 FFFF94D8 MSTP_CMT1 = 0;
106 /* Cancel the CMT2 module clock stop mode */
107 FFFF94F4 MSTP_CMT2 = 0;
108
109 /* Protection on */
110 FFFF950F SYSTEM.PRCR.WORD = 0xA500;
111
112 /* Set CMT1 interrupt priority level to 10 */
113 FFFF951D IPR(CMT1,CMI1) = 0xA;
114 /* Enable CMT1 interrupts */
115 FFFF9539 IEN(CMT1,CMI1) = 0x1;
116 /* Clear CMT1 interrupt flag */
117 FFFF9549 IR(CMT1,CMI1) = 0x0;
118
119 /* Set CMT2 interrupt priority level to 5 */
120 FFFF9558 IPR(CMT2,CMI2) = 0x5;
121 /* Enable CMT2 interrupts */
122 FFFF9574 IEN(CMT2,CMI2) = 0x1;
123 /* Clear CMT2 interrupt flag */
    
```

- Press ‘Step Out’ button  to exit the StartTimer function, then press ‘Step In’. The program should now reach the StartADC function
- The StartADC function configures the ADC unit to make repeat conversions of the voltage from the potentiometer RV1.

```

Line Source Ad... O. S. Source
142
143 * Outline : StartADC
144 * Description : Initialises the S12AD ADC module's channel AN000 for
145 * continuous scan operations, then starts the conversions.
146 * Argument : none
147 * Return value : none
148
149 FFFF95FB static void StartADC(void)
150 {
151 /* Protection off */
152 FFFF95FB SYSTEM.PRCR.WORD = 0xA503;
153
154 /* Cancel the S12AD module clock stop mode */
155 FFFF9609 MSTP_S12AD = 0;
156
157 /* Protection on */
158 FFFF9625 SYSTEM.PRCR.WORD = 0xA500;
159
160 /* Clear the S12AD interrupt flag */
161 FFFF9633 IR(S12AD0, S12ADIO) = 0x0;
162
163 /* Set the S12AD interrupt level to 5 */
164 FFFF9642 IPR(S12AD0, S12ADIO) = 0x5;
165
166 /* Enable S12AD interrupt requests */
167 FFFF965E IEN(S12AD0, S12ADIO) = 0x1;
168
169 /* Use the AN000 (Potentiometer) pin
170 as an I/O for peripheral functions */
171 FFFF966E PORT4.PMR.BYTE = 0x01;
172
173 /* ADC clock = PCLK/8, continuous scan mode */
174 FFFF9678 S12AD.ADCSR.BYTE |= 0x40;
175
176 /* Selects AN000 */
177 FFFF9686 S12AD.ADANS0.WORD = 0x0001;
    
```

- Press F5 to resume the code, where it will then halt at the break point on the Statics_Test function call. 
- Press F11 to step into the function. 

Line	Source Ad...	O.	S.	Source
153				/* *****
154				* Outline : Static_Test
155				* Description : Static variable test routine. The function replaces the
156				* contents of the string 'ucStr' with that of 'ucReplace', one
157				* element at a time. Right-click the variable 'ucStr', and
158				* select 'instant watch' - click add in the subsequent dialog.
159				* If you step through the function, you can watch the string
160				* elements being overwritten with the new data.
161				* Argument : none
162				* Return value : none
163				*****
164	FFFF8B22			void Static_Test(void)
165				{
166				/* Declare loop count variable */
167	FFFF8B24			uint8_t uiCount = 0;
168				
169				/* Write ucStr variable, "STATIC" to LCD */
170	FFFF8B2A			Display_LCD(LCD_LINE2,ucStr);
171				
172				/* Begin for loop which writes one letter of ucReplace to the LCD at a time
173				The nested while loops generate the delay between each letter change */
174	FFFF8B39			for (uiCount=0; uiCount<8; uiCount++)
175				{
176				/* Start a one-shot timer to create a delay between each loop
177				iteration */
178	FFFF8B47			Timer_Delay(40, mS);
179				
180				/* Replace letter number 'uiCount' of 'ucStr' from 'ucReplace' */
181	FFFF8B53			ucStr[uiCount] = ucReplace[uiCount];
182	FFFF8B69			Display_LCD(LCD_LINE2,ucStr);
183				}
184				
185				/* Clear LCD Display */
186	FFFF8B89			ucStr[uiCount] = '\\0';
187				
188				/* Add a delay before overwriting the string */
189	FFFF8B96			Timer_Delay(40, mS);

- The Statics_Test function initialises a character string with the contents of a static variable; then gradually replaces it, letter by letter, with another static string.
- Click 'Go' or press F5 to resume the program code. You should observe the word 'STATIC' appear on the second LCD line, to be gradually replaced with the string 'TESTTEST'. The program then reverts the LCD back to the original message of 'RX630'.
- This is the extent of the tutorial code.

8. Additional Information

Technical Support

For details on how to use High-performance Embedded Workshop (HEW), refer to the HEW manual available on the CD or from the web site.

For information about the RX630 series microcontrollers refer to the RX630 Group hardware manual.

For information about the RX630 assembly language, refer to the RX600 Series Software Manual.

Online technical support and information is available at: <http://www.renesas.com/rskrx630>

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General information on Renesas Microcontrollers can be found on the Renesas website at:

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